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DENABANK
(ESTABLISHED 1938)
MATHERAN SUB-OFFICE
Bukhatar Jivanjee Banking Co., Ltd. will re-open their SUB-OFFICE at MATHERAN from TO-DAY (THURSDAY), 15TH APRIL, 1943, to transact business upto the end of the Summer Season, i.e. SATURDAY, 5TH JUNE, 1943.

GOVT. OF INDIA RECEIVED 15 OCT 1943 BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE

Rommel Flies To Italy For Urgent Military Conference

Sardinia And Sicily Bombed: Axis Prepare For Their Last Battle In Africa

LONDON, April 14.

The "Daily Mail's" Madrid correspondent quoting Vichy reports says: Rommel was flown yesterday from Tunisia to Italy for an urgent military conference.

He saw Commander-in-Chief of the German Navy, Admiral Doenitz, Chief of German Supreme Command, Field Marshal Keitel, the Italian Chief of Staff, Gen. Ambrosio and the Under-Secretary of the Italian Navy Admiral Riccardi.

ALLIED ADVANCE

ALLIED HEADQUARTERS NORTH AFRICA:—To-day's Allied communique' states: "Yesterday forward troops of the Eighth Army continued to advance to the north and made contact with enemy prepared positions between Enfidaville and Djebe Bousajar. On their left French forces continued their advance.

SARDINIA & SICILY BOMBED

ROME:—To-day's Italian 'communique' said: Allied air force bombed objectives in Liguria, Sicily and Sardinia and damage of "some importance" was reported at Trapani.

ROMMEL AT BAY

Reuter's special correspondent in North Africa wires:—

Rommel has called halt to his headlong flight northward and has turned round his battered columns. He stands at bay facing the Eighth Army behind a 35 mile long line. Here the Axis command has prepared positions which run from the area west south-west to the high ground at the northern end of the Tunisian backbone known as Djebel Bou Hadjar.

The western end of the line is about 25 miles due south of Pont Du Fahs. The Eighth Army's left flank rests on the French troops who have pressed on northward in the mountains.

General Montgomery's troops have now come up against very strong Axis defences. They are standing on the line upon which General Von Arnim has been working for the past few months envisaging such a development as has now arisen.

Hemmed in like rats by a semi-circle of determined exterminators, the Axis forces stand ready to fight fiercely in what they know will be their last battle in Africa. The Allies are watching for a situation where they will smash the last vestige of Axis power in Africa with a final blow.

ATTACK ON ENEMY AIRFIELD

Yesterday and during the previous night, air operations of north-west forces were largely directed against enemy airfields. On the night of April 12-13 bombers of the strategic and tactical airforces and the French airforce attacked an enemy airfield in Tunisia where fires were started. Yesterday, "flying fortresses" attacked airfields at Milo and Castel Vetrano in Sicily. An enemy airfield in Tunisia was attacked by medium bombers. Fires were started and two enemy aircraft were destroyed in combat.

Fighters and fighter-bombers of the tactical airforce carried out sweeps and patrols all over the battle area during the course of which one enemy aircraft was destroyed. Late yesterday afternoon, a formation of enemy torpedo bombers was intercepted over the Mediterranean by fighters of the coastal airforce. Two of them were destroyed and others were forced to jettison their torpedoes. Another enemy aircraft was shot down over the sea earlier in the day.

During Monday night one enemy bomber was destroyed. From all these operations three of our aircraft are missing."

NAZI ANTI-TANK SIGHTS

Among material captured recently were a number of 88-millimetre guns—crack German artillery—complete with anti-tank sights. This is believed to be the first time that sights were taken intact.—Reuter.

GIRAUD-DE GAULLE COLLABORATION

LONDON, April 14.

An analysis of the memorandum drawn up by General Giraud in connection with his negotiations with General De Gaulle will be published to-day by the independent French newspaper in London "France."

In it General Giraud proposes basic principles and a plan of action which, it is hoped, may prove a working basis for the collaboration of all Frenchmen.

The memorandum provides for setting up of a "French Council of Overseas Territories" to manage French territories and France's share in war, this body eventually to hand over its powers to a provisional Government to be instituted in accordance with French law.

The memorandum was brought back to London by General Catroux and General De Gaulle's French National Committee has already devoted two sittings to its examination.

When all departments are freed the Council would apply the Law of February 15, 1872, under which parliament cannot meet as Assembly is formed by delegates appointed by 'Conseils Generaux.'

The first act of this Assembly would be to appoint a Provisional Government to art until a National Assembly could be elected. This Provisional Government would have authority over the Commander-in-Chief. The Assembly would have to fix the date for general elections.—Reuter.

R.A.F. RAIDS ITALIAN NAVAL BASE

LONDON, April 14.

An Air Ministry "communique" states: "Last night aircraft of the Bomber Command made a heavy attack on the naval base of Spezia in Northern Italy.

"Other aircraft of the Bomber Command attacked objectives in North-west Germany at dawn this morning.

"From these operations three of our aircraft are missing."

PALERMO AND MESSINA BOMBED

CAIRO: An Air Ministry "communique" says: "Heavy bombers of the R. A. F. attacked Palermo and Messina on Monday night. At Messina bursts were seen on railway sidings near the ferry terminus. All our aircraft returned safely.

AXIS RAID TRIPOLI

The same night Axis aircraft made an abortive attack on Tripoli. One Junkers 88 was destroyed by our night fighters."

BIG ROUND UP IN PATNA

RANGPUR: Mr. Mani Krishna Sen, prominent Communist worker, was served with an internment order under D.I.R. During the last fortnight not less than seven Communists in Rangpur district were served with similar orders. BENARES: A huge quantity of cartridges, bullets and firearms are reported to have been recovered by the city police in a surprise raid, from one of the firms in Hankertola. Two employees of the firm have been remanded to police custody. PATNA: Sixty persons including ten influential Congressmen have been arrested on a charge of dacoity and harbouring dacoits. The arrests were effected as a result of special police operation under the Deputy Inspector General of Police, in south Monghyr, Santhalparganas where cases of dacoity are reported to have increased lately.—O. P.

"WANTED" STUDENTS' LEADER ARRESTED

CAWNPORE, April 14.—Mr. Dalpat Singh, President of the Cawnpore Students' Federation, and Mr. Girdhar, a worker of the Khaddar Bhandar, have been arrested in connection with the bomb explosion at the Central Station. Mr. Dalpat Singh was wanted since long and a reward of Rs. 250 was announced for his arrest.

Mr. S. G. Sardesai, Joint Secretary of the Communist Party of India, and Messrs. S. S. Vazni and Santosh Chandra Kapoor, President and General Secretary respectively of the Trade Union Congress, have been arrested under Rule 129 of the Defence of India Rules.

Enemy Supply Ship Sunk

LONDON, April 14.

A Netherlands Admiralty "communique" states: "A fourthousand-ton enemy supply ship fully laden has been sunk in the Mediterranean by the Dutch submarine "Dolfgn".—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

German "Sub" Torpedoes Spanish Ship

LONDON, April 14.

The Morocco Radio said to-day that the Spanish ship "Costidio Montsallegro" has been torpedoed and sunk in the Atlantic in a day-light attack by a German submarine.—Reuter.

DJEBEL MANSOUR EVACUATED

LONDON, April 14.

The Algiers Radio stated to-night that the Germans had evacuated Djebel Mansour.—Reuter.

JAPS RAID MILNE BAY

LONDON, April 14.

Allied Headquarters South-west Pacific. A communique said, "A strong force of Japanese aircraft raided Milne Bay during daylight to-day. Details have not yet been received."—Reuter.

'Dunkirk Ships' To Rommel's Rescue

LONDON, April 14.

Reuter's naval correspondent writes:—"Private reports from Italy "via" Stockholm suggest that Mussolini has already begun carrying out Hitler's orders for a fleet of "Dunkirk Ships" to rescue Rommel's army from Tunisia.

A considerable number of small boats is reported to be moving southwards down Italian coasts to be collected for a dash across the Sicilian Channel.

From what is already known of the strained condition of Italy's shipping situation, the gathering of this fleet from various points along the Italian coastline can only have been done with some difficulty.

Italy has already according to recent figures, lost 40,27,900 tons of merchant shipping, as against 35,00,000 tons she had at the beginning of the war, the balance being accounted for by the tonnage acquired from conquered countries. British submarines based on Malta alone have sunk half a million tons of Italian shipping. Ships have latterly become so precious to Italy, that in small convoys destroyer escorts are now as numerous as supply ships in their charge and sometimes outnumber them.

BITTER FIGHT FOR SIDI NSIR

A bitter struggle is going on for the tiny country railway station of Sidi Nsir. British infantry and artillery units are fighting hard about three miles south-west of the station for the control of the high ground dominating the village and the railway line from both sides of the road.

While Sidi Nsir is only 15 miles south-west of Mateur and though the railway continues beyond this point, the road itself comes to an end in the village. This fact constitutes a great handicap in this rugged mountainous country.

EIGHTH ARMY OCCUPIES ENFIDAVILLE

The Algiers Radio says that vanguards of the Eighth Army are said to have occupied Enfidaville.—Reuter.

INDEMNITY TO 'CROWN SERVANTS'

U. P. Measure To Counteract "Subversive Movement"

LUCKNOW, April 14.

The United Provinces Maintenance and Restoration of Order (Indemnity Act, 1943, which seeks to indemnify servants of the Crown and other persons in respect of acts ordered or done or purporting to be ordered or done in good faith in the reasonable belief that the act was necessary for the purpose of maintaining or restoring order, has been enacted by the Governor of the United Provinces. The Act has received the assent of the Governor-General and comes into force at once.

The statement of objects and reasons says:—"In August 1942, the Congress Party launched a subversive movement designed to paralyse Government. Extensive violence and damage were perpetrated and the destruction of communications in particular was calculated most seriously to jeopardise the defence of India against the enemy. Although martial law was not declared, the circumstances were similar to those in some instances by the imperative need of restoring order in the interests of the defence of India to take measures not covered by a provision of law. The Governor considers that protection should be given to such officers of Government and has accordingly enacted the United Provinces Maintenance and Restoration of Order (Indemnity) Act, 1943."—A.P.

5 KILLED IN POLICE FIRING IN LATUR

HYDERABAD (Dn.), April 14.

Five persons died and twelve were injured as a result of the police opening fire on a riotous crowd at Latur on April 5, according to a "communique" issued by the Nizam's Government to-day.

Detailing the events that culminated in the firing the communique says that on the night of April 3/4 a crowd of 500 persons looted two lorries at Latur carrying jawar to Udgir. A little later two carts loaded with sugar and kerosene oil were also looted. Following the incidents the police force at Latur was reinforced and after investigation some persons were arrested on April 6. At mid-day taht day, a large crowd collected at Latur bazar, where the police, which were rushed up, prevented the occurrence of mischief. Immediately afterwards a crowd collected near the police station and demanded the release on bail of the arrested persons who in the meantime shouted for drinking water. When the lock-up gates were opened for supplying the water, the crowd rushed into the lock-up, mobbed the guarding party and helped the prisoners to escape. The police who demanded the surrender of the prisoners were fired upon by some among the mob. The police then retaliated by opening fire on the crowd, resulting in 5 being fatally wounded and twelve receiving gunshot wounds. In the counterfire the police received no injuries. 35 arrests have been made so far.

The Government have decided to appoint a committee to enquire into the incident.—A.P.

NATIONALIST LEAGUE EXECUTIVE MEETING

LUCKNOW, April 14.

The next meeting of the Working Committee of the All-India Nationalist League will be held at New Delhi on Monday, April 26, Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, M.L.A. (Central), will preside.

It is understood that Mr. M. S. Aney, the former President of the League, has been requested to attend the meeting.—A. P.

SYLHET NATIONAL WEEK ARRESTS

SYLHET: Three Congress workers have been arrested at Kulaura (Sylhet) for, it is alleged, attempting to hold an unlicensed procession in connection with the "National Week."—A.P.

ARRESTS AT KARACHI

KARACHI April 14: Four women Congress workers who were attempting to hoist the Congress flag in Municipal park at Hyderabad last evening were arrested by the police.—A.P.

BOMBAY ASSEMBLY SPEAKER'S SON JAILED

AHMEDABAD, April 14.

Mr. Balkrishna, son of the Hon. Mr. G. V. Mavlanker, Speaker of the Bombay Legislative Assembly, who was arrested a few days ago while about to post Congress bulletins, was tried to-day and sentenced to two months' R.I. and a fine of Rs. 50 in default, one month's R.I.

Four persons were arrested today under the Defence of India Rules.—A.P.

2 Months For Possessing Congress Bulletins

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Ranjit Kumar M. Shah was sentenced to undergo 2 months' R. I. by Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate of the Mazagaon Police Court to-day.

Mr Shah was arrested for possessing Congress bulletins on March 17 and when his room on the Fourth floor of Zaveri Building at Khetwadi Back Road was searched a number of Congress bulletins and other documents containing prejudicial [illegible] was seized by the police.

Nazi Frontal Attack On Leningrad

Drive Against City With Tanks And Infantry Fails

MOSCOW, April 14.

From Reuter's special correspondent: Gen. Golikov's forces have beaten off a new German attempt to burst through the Upper Donetz bridgehead at Balakleya, 50 miles south-east of Kharkov. Field Marshal Mainstein has evidently not given up hope of reducing the German salient south of Balakleya. German attacks, however, are now on a smaller scale.

The German Command, having failed in its attempt to isolate Leningrad by cutting its railway lifeline from the East, has started a frontal drive against the city with tanks and infantry. daylong attacks failed to gain them any ground.

GERMAN ARTILLERY SILENCED

The Supplement to the Soviet 'communique' states that south of Balakleya Soviet troops in a fierce battle killed up to 200 Germans. A further company of Germans were killed on the Central front when Soviet artillerymen shelled a German infantry concentration. On the Volkhov front Soviet guns suppressed the fire of six German artillery and two trench mortar batteries.

TO KEEP FINNS FROM MAKING SEPARATE PEACE

ISTANBUL, April 14.

Well informed military circles here believe that the Germans will attempt to stabilise the southern and central sectors of the Russian front and launch an all-out attack on Leningrad with the aim of preventing the Finns negotiating a separate peace.

JINNAH WON'T SHIFT

LAHORE, April 14.

There is no truth in the report published in a section of the press that Mr. Jinnah proposes to leave Bombay and live in Lahore. It is true that he is buying some property in Lahore but this does not necessarily imply that he is settling down in Lahore permanently.

On his way to Kashmir after the Muslim League session Mr. Jinnah will break journey at Lahore for three days and will meet League workers in the Punjab at an informal conference.—Orient Press.

NEW DELHI, April 14.

A 'communique' states:

His Excellency the Viceroy has decided to create a department of Industries and Civil Supplies.

His Excellency has selected Mr. M. S. A. Hydari on the termination of his duties as acting Chairman of the Eastern Group Supply Council, to be the Secretary of this Department.—A.P.

No Direct Intervention On India Question

Sir M. Zafrullah On His Impressions Of American Attitude At Pacific Conference

NEW DELHI, April 14.

Giving his impressions of the discussions at the Pacific Relations Conference and of American, British and Chinese opinion on Indian problems, Sir Mohammed Zafrullah Khan, one of the leaders of the Indian delegation said at a press conference to-day that judging from reports the United States and Canada most certainly, and the other participants including Australia and New Zealand quite sincerely, desired that the Indian question should be settled as quickly as possible and that even during the War it was possible and necessary to strive for that settlement.

NO DIRECT INTERVENTION

Sir Mohammed said he did not notice any desire in the United States for direct intervention. The question was put to him at the Conference whether any offer of mediation by the United States between the two countries would help resolve the difficulties. He asked the counter-question whether if her mediation failed, America would be prepared to go to the logical extreme of a war with Britain. The reply was no.

How, Sir Mohammed went on to ask, could America attempt to intervene even on the ground that a settlement with India was essential for the success of the war effort of the United Nations? Great Britain could counter by insisting that a settlement of the troubles in certain States between the White and coloured people was equally essential for the success of the war effort.

EMBARRASSMENT FOR BRITAIN

Sir Mohammed also referred to a question put to him at the Conference about the relations between Americans and Indians in India. His reply was that the Americans moved with Indians much more freely and informally and cordially than the British. The embarrassment arising from this was caused entirely to the British. But, on the other hand, when one of our [illegible] officers and enquired whether they would have any objections to Indians being invited to it, the Americans said they had no objection at all to that but insisted that none of their own coloured officers should be invited to the party.

One of the concrete suggestions made at the Conference was that Indian members of the Viceroy's Executive Council as prominent Indians should get in touch with political leaders and see whether there was among them a desire to come to an understanding; and if there was such a desire, the members of the Council might try to get these parties together and that in any settlement attempted by them they could draw upon the experience of prominent people in the United States and England.

INDIA AND THE ATLANTIC CHARTER

Reference to the Atlantic Charter, said Sir Mohammed led to heated discussion in the Conference. The feeling was expressed by some delegates that Prime Minister Churchill was trying to "wriggle out" of the Atlantic Charter so far as India was concerned. The British delegation warmly maintained that there was not the slightest doubt that the Charter fully applied to India, and they had never understood Mr. Churchill to intend otherwise. Sir Mohammed, who presided at this discussion observed that so far as India was concerned, when the Prime Minister declared that the Charter had no application to India, it was taken to mean that Great Britain's earlier commitments with regard to India were in advance of the Charter itself; but the Prime Minister's later pronouncements had caused some doubt on that point, and master of the English language that Mr. Churchill was, he could easily dispel that doubt if he chose to do so.

ATTITUDE OF BRITISH PUBLIC

Speaking of the attitude of the British public towards India, Sir Mohammed said they would wish to see some reasonable settlement arrived at as quickly as possible. They were puzzled why the statesmen of the two countries could not come to a settlement.

Replying to questions regarding China's attitud, towards India he said it was that of an Asiatic nation which believed that at least in the development of political institutions she had gone much further than India and would be able to help India along that road. Chinese opinion was impatient and irritated at the slow pace of political progress in India and eager to help in accelerating it. The feeling of impatience and irritation was directed against the British; the Chinese appeared to think that the slowness of advance was due to the British. The Chinese were keen to develop and routes into India through Burma and were keen also that the two countries should [illegible] together in peacetime and [illegible]

Combined Sea-and-Air Threat To Australia

Curtin Agrees With Blamey: MacArthur Sounds Grave Warning

MELBOURNE, April 14.

The Australian Prime Minister Mr. John Curtin to-day gave another warning of the possibility of Japanese attacks North of Australia on a greater scale than ever before.

He said that he agreed with Gen. Blamey, Commander of the Allied Land Forces in the South-west Pacific, regarding the threat from Japanese concentrations north of Australia.

He also hinted at the possibility of heavy attacks against the Solomon islands.

PRELUDE TO COMBINED OFFENSIVE

The Premier, Mr. Curtin, contending that the recent heavy Japanese air attacks are a prelude to combined operations, said: "It is clear that the Japanese are contemplating further attacks against our New Guinea and Solomons positions. The truth is that the outer fringe of the island around the Australian coast areas are vital to the Japanese for a Pacific offensive as they are to the Allied cause. In spite of activities elsewhere, Japan has no other major theatre of action.

SHEER ILLUSION.

"It wolud be sheer illusion to assume that the recent reverses she experienced to the north have caused any fundamental changes in Japanese plans. What these reverses have done is to cause Japan to realise that her attacks against our positions must be carried out on a heavier scale in order to be successful".

"NO COMPROMISE WITH JAPS"

The Australian Prime Minister, Mr. John Curtin said on Tuesday, "Australia can have no security or immunity from attack as long as Japan is capable of waging war.

The occupation of a large part of Australia by the Japanese would be more hideous and vastly different from the occupation of France and other countries by the Nazis", Mr. Curtin said.

"There can be no compromise and no stoppage of conflict until Japan's strength, potential or otherwise, is completely and finally destroyed."

MACARTHUR PLEADS FOR AIR-GROUND TEAM WORK

Allied Headquarters South-west Pacific: The text of Gen. MacArthur's statement on the Japanese threat to Australia reads: "The Japanese, barring our submarine activities, which are not to be discounted, have complete control of sea lanes in the Western Pacific and outer approaches towards Australia. Control of such sea lanes no longer depends solely or even perhaps primarily upon naval power, but upon air power operating from land bases held by ground troops all supported by naval power.

CAN'T LOSE AIR CONTROL

"The first line of Australian defence is our bombers line. The range of our air force over surrounding waters marks the stretch of no-man's sea which is the measure of our safety. If we lose the air, naval forces cannot save us. Conversely, if the enemy wins control of air, his naval units can at once bring forward convoys of ground forces to continue his attack southward to the limit imposed only by the effective range of his land-based air support.

The primary threat to Australia does not, therefore, require great initial local concentration of naval striking power. It requires rather sufficient concentration of land-based aviation.

"As a matter of fact, Japanese naval forces in great strength, although now beyond our bomber range, are within easy striking distance of Australia.

"The vital factors, therefore, in the South-west Pacific, with countless island groups and the innumerable archipelagic reaches are air forces to strike and ground forces conquer and hold. Allied naval forces can be counted to play their own magnificent part, but the battle of the Western Pacific will be won or lost by proper application of the air-ground team."

TWO BIG JAP SHIPS DESTROYED

To-day's 'communique' states that a 10,000-ton merchantman was probably sunk and an 18,000-ton ship was set on fire when Allied bombers attacked shipping at Hansa Bay in New Guinea.

MUBO:—Our attack planes bombed and strafed the Bitol river—Buigap Creek area executing eleven low-level runs over enemy positions. LAE:—Our heavy units bombed aerodrome and dispersal areas at dusk. FINSCHHAFEN:—One of our heavy units bombed the runway. NORTH-WEST SECTOR:—KAI ISLANDS: LANGGOER:—One of our medium bombers bombed a nearby village of Kolseer causing numerous large explosions. Two coastal vessels were also strafed. NORTH-WEST SECTOR: NEW BRITAIN:—One of our heavy bombers bombed a Japanese coastal vessel."

ECHO OF DELHI CONFERENCE

NEW DELHI, April 14.

Pandit Radhakant Malaviya in a statement says:

"I had been invited by Mr. Munshi to be present at the Non-Parties Conference in Delhi and on the eve of the Conference I had placed my views before Mr. Aney and had got his consent to move before the Conference a resolution condemning the recent outrages, as that would have enabled Mahatma Gandhi to condemn in no uncertain terms what we know he could never approve.

"Unfortunately just as I was discussing with Mr. Aney the, above, I was informed of the sudden death of my elder brother Pandit Ramakant Malaviya and immediately I had to leave Delhi without placing my views before the Conference.

"Without meaning any disrespect to those distinguished countrymen of ours who met in the Conference I venture to think that if such a resolution had been moved perhaps the course of events would have been different.

RADHAKANT OPTIMISTIC

"What is past is past but still it is not too late to make an attempt. I feel encouraged in this view as I learn from some of those persons who were with Mahatma Gandhi during his fast that on being questioned about the recent occurrences, *Mahatma Gandhi said in so many words that he had never intended what had happened.* I have no doubt if an opportunity is given to place true facts before Mahatma Gandhi he will not only condemn what was unfortunately done in so many parts of the country but it is very likely he will not hesitate to state that a mistake was made and as happened after Chouri-Chouras he may even change the whole programme and the situation in the country may be very different from what it is now. In any case it is worthwhile making an attempt.

I am proceeding to Bombay and one or two places in this connection.—A.P.

BREEZE IN COMMONS

Bracken Denounces "Unworthy Attacks On U. S."

WESTMINSTER, April 14.

The Minister of Information, Mr. Brendan Bracken and Captain Cunningham Reid (Independant) had a sharp encounter in the House of Commons on Tuesday.

Speaking on a motion for adjournment, Captain Cunningham Reid said that the majority in the United States did not appreciate Britain's contribution to the war.

"It is very regrettable to realise that the Americans have a perverted view of British achievements and aims", he said. It is also regrettable that the number of these overseas grumblers is fast increasing. I am not for a moment suggesting that American capacity to take it is less than ours, but unlike Britain the United States has a chorus of discordant anti-Allied voices we should do our best to still."

Captain Cunningham Reid sharply criticised British journalists in America, who, he said, were "Not qualified" for their work.

Mr. Brendan Bracken replying said, "A Member of Parliament comes to-day with a series of carefully distilled insults to the United States. He comes here with a lot of gossip, and incidentally says that the British story has not been told to the United States.

Does he forget the American correspondents in London and the tale they told in the Blitz? I think he does because he was out of the country when the American correspondents were seeing the battle of Britain.

I decline for a second to deal with his unworthy attacks on the United States. He has done everything in his power to do exactly what Goebbels wants, namely, to spread disunity in the United States. Never have I seen such spectacle in the House of Commons.

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"Swaraj is my birth-right and I will have it".
—TILAK.

The Bombay Chronicle

A NEW BOOK ON INDIA

"Commonsense About India" is the name of a very recent book on India, written by Lord Huntingdon and published by William Heinemann Ltd., London (pages 76; price 3s-6d). It must have been published towards the end of 1942, judging from the fact that it contains the full text of the fateful resolution adopted by the All-India Congress Committee on the 8th of August last. It discusses the entire Indian problem as it exists to-day in a dispassionate, judicious but sympathetic manner and is well informed and documented. After a very brief historical review, the book contrasts the poor results of British rule in India for 150 years with the splendid achievements of Soviet rule in Russia during the last twenty-five years and makes out a strong case for democratic self-government in India, exposing at the same time the hollowness of the objections urged by interested parties regarding communal and linguistic differences.

But the outstanding feature of the book is that it supports India's demand for *immediate* self-government. The author reviews the failure of the Cripps Mission and attributes it to the "unpalatable fact" that "final authority was still to rest with the India Office and the Viceroy." He deplores the arrests of Congress leaders in spite of Pandit Nehru's assurance that the Congress resolution of August 8 was "an offer of co-operation." Now his thesis or "commonsense solution" is that in order to ensure victory it is necessary to release Congress leaders and to resume negotiations with them on the basis of a provisional but truly National Government to be installed immediately. His own words are as follows:

"In the first place the Government must at once release the Congress leaders and reopen negotiations. This is absolutely essential.....In the second place Britain must offer to invest real power in an Indian National Government. The operational control of the war and the armed forces must obviously remain in the hands of a British Commander-in-Chief, and the higher strategy of defence must be decided in Whitehall, or wherever the military headquarters of the United Nations may be. This condition.....has already been fully conceded by the Congress leaders."

To the objection to the release of Congress leaders raised by the votaries of Prestige, the author says: "To those who say that by so doing the British Government would lose face, the answer is, which face do they prefer to lose? The Imperialist, *herrenvok* face, which cannot endure to relax its authority over a subject people, or consent to free and mutual co-operation with a coloured race? Or the face which is turned towards freedom, and in whose honesty of expression we have asked the world to believe?"

The author suggests, however, that power should be transferred to the National Government "only for the duration of the war, that minority interests should not be prejudiced by participation in this Government, and that at the end of hostilities an elected Constituent Assembly should finally determine the Constitution of India." With regard to the position of the minorities the author points out that "Congress has already declared that in the formation of a provisional National Government minority leaders and representatives of the Indian States would be asked to participate". And he thinks it "almost inconceivable that any minority leader, such as Mr. Jinnah of the Muslim League, would refuse to take part in a provisional National Government formed with a view to the independence and defence of India. Any minority leader who elected to pursue this suicidally obstructive course would very quickly find himself without a following." It cannot be denied that these suggestions are a most sensible basis for negotiations and that to make these possible it is "absolutely essential" that "Government must at once release the Congress leaders." Altogether, the book is an excellent case for immediate self-government for India. The only regret is that very few copies of the book seem to be available in India. It will be well for some enterprising publisher in India to contract with the publishers of the book for the publication of important extracts from it including the full text of the "Commonsense Solution" briefly indicated above.

An Urgent Demand

So far as the war against Japan is concerned Allied leaders in the South-West Pacific are not going to allow themselves to be neglected. They are making a well-concerted and powerful effort to get what they want, and we certainly wish them success. Recent air raids by the Japanese—which incidentally were almost prohibitively costly—have helped Mr. Curtin, General Blamey and others to emphasise rather too strongly all the possible dangers of Japanese concentrations north of Australia. Colonel Knox, however, has deprecated General Blamey's alarmist statement giving it as his opinion that an invasion of Australia would need a tremendous naval force which the Japs do not possess in the neighbourhood.

Now, General MacArthur has joined the argument with a warning which amounts really to a pointed reply to Colonel Knox. Yet there is little difference between the two, because the fundamental point is the undeniably vital importance of air supremacy. Should that supremacy be maintained, the Allies would not only defeat every Japanese attempt at aggression but also worry the Japs aggressively themselves. Nor is MacArthur's demand impracticable. American, British and Russian production has for some time been double that of the Axis and Japan and is now more than three times as much. Without any prejudice to the priority given to the European theatres of war, it is quite easy to supply aircraft in fairly adequate quantity not only to the Pacific theatres but also to China.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Giraud-De Gaulle Union

The memorandum drawn up by General Giraud is satisfactory enough as a basis of discussion for an agreement between him and General de Gaulle. It contemplates the restoration immediately after the war of the French Republican regime which prevailed before the capitulation of France under Marshal Petain. It is the proposals for the interim period which will need discussion because war time unity will involve a mutually satisfactory solution regarding the rights and positions of the two leaders in the proposed Council. That is a problem between the two and perhaps of some concern to their two Allies, Britain and America. But what is of interest to the world is that neither of the two Generals contemplates any change in the French Empire. In fact, the Atlantic Charter is completely ignored. And why should it not be so? Has not that great leader of the United Nations, Mr. Winston Churchill, already given a valuable lead?

Reassuring Statement

We are glad Mr. Churchill has removed misapprehensions that might have arisen from the gloomy picture of shipping losses recently presented by Colonel Knox. Losses in Mrch were certainly serious and may continue to be so, but, as Mr. Churchill said, "reviewing the battle against the U-boat as a whole I can repeat my previous assurance that we are more than holding our own." This is a good enough situation and it ought to become quite satisfactory with the reopening of the Mediterranean route. Colonel Knox cautiously points out that the Mediterranean would need after the Tunisian campaign to be cleaned up before it could be used. But that need not take much time for the purpose. The main question is how long will the Tunisian campaign take?

Frivolous Prosecution

Thanks to the commonsense view of the matter taken by Mr. Haji, the Magistrate, Mrs. Violet Alva was fortunate in having escaped the tentacles of the Defence of India Rules and the attempts of the police to have her convicted. If her offence was only displaying the national flag, the prosecution was frivolous, for thousands have been displaying the flag from their house tops. The fact is that so many innocent things have been regarded as prejudicial by the Magistrates and the police alike that the latter seem to look upon almost any expression of any sympathy with the Congress or its ideals as an offence.

Racial Discrimination

The Bombay Bar Association has done well to protest against the appointment of an English Barrister as Chief Justice of Bombay in succession to Sir John Beaumont, passing over the most senior puisne Judge who is a member of the Bombay Bar and happens to be an Indian. From no point of view can this supersession be justified. It is downright racial discrimination against Indians and, as the Bar Association points out, it is also "an unmerited reflection both on the Indian members of the Judiciary and the Bar." This is not a mere local question but involves a principle affecting the whole country. The injustice, therefore, should be condemned by Bar Associations all over the country and by the Indian public, too.

Why Not Hand-made Paper?

The Government of India are understood to have urged all Provincial Governments to dispose of waste paper in favour of paper mills only. That is a good plan so far as it goes. Government may also help a great deal by rigid economy in the use of paper. They may also stimulate better utilisation of waste paper by offering to purchase it at a reasonable price. But why is it that Government do not explore the possibilities of producing hand-made paper?

NEWS IN BRIEF

Writing from somewhere along the Burma Road, Norman Soong of the Central News refers to Sergeant John Frend, a member of the British armed forces and six other British soldiers who were given the job of escorting 14 tons of Burmese rupee notes out of Burma during the final stages of the campaign last spring. Frend and his companions started in March with 300 bullock carts loaded with rupee notes with instructions to take the same either into China or India. The party of seven which had to dodge the Japanese in the jungle tracts of Burma had everything except mosquito nets which were so indispensable in the malaria-ridden region. The bandit lurking behind the bushes was less dangerous than the deadly mosquito that carried the malarial germ. The party of seven was soon reduced to two. One by one, the carts loaded with millions of rupees was abandoned in the jungles. Finally in October, more than six months after he launched out, John Frend was compelled to leave his two remaining companions behind in the jungle and plod on, ultimately to part with the last remnant of the precious load of bank notes when he encountered a party of bandits. Two days later, Frend was picked up by Chinese guerillas and brought into Free China.

* * *

A press note from New Delhi states that under the provisions of the Hague convention the second repatriation of wounded and sick prisoners of war is now being carried out. Among the prisoners to be repatriated are a number of officers, V.C.O.'s and men of the Indian army. Exchange operations will commence on April 17.

* * *

"Hardwar, where our ashes are immersed after death should not only afford unity in death but unity in life also, as it is on solid unity alone that our success largely depends" observed Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha while, replying to addresses of welcome presented to him by the residents of Hardwar and students of the Rishikul University.

*

Our Lahore correspondent reports that Mr. M. A. Jinnah who is dissatisfied with the reorganisation of the Muslim League Party in the Punjab Assembly may go to the Punjab and undertake a clean-up campaign in the Punjab and the neighbouring Muslim majority provinces.

* * *

The Fellowship of the Royal College of Surgeons of England has been awarded to Madame Chiang Kai-Shek in recognition of her great services in relief of suffering and advancement of medicine in China. The only other woman to whom the award has been made is the Princess Royal.

* * *

According to our correspondent at Ujjain, chromopathy, psychic healing, eastern and western occultism, psycho-analysis, nature cure, Hatha Yoga and its practices, were some of the subjects dealt with at the 13th session of the All-India Spiritual Conference held at Ujjain. Eminent philosophers, yogis and spiritualists from all over India attended the Conference.

COTTON TRADES' REPLY TO RAISMAN

Warning Against Forced Liquidation Of Hedge Contract Obligations

The Secretary of the East India Cotton Association, in the course of a communication to The Additional Under Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Commerce, New Delhi, says:—

"In the interests of the grower, it would be disastrous to stop forward trading in cotton. Regarding the question of Hedge Contracts covering the present crop, in which trading has already taken place, the Board feel that any such interference with the existing Hedge Contracts would be inequitable and undesirable. My Board think it necessary to point out that any artificial or forced liquidation of the existing Hedge Contact obligations may lead to many complications, which would be inequitable in their incidence to the different sections of the trade. There are many merchants who held actual cotton and who have genuinely hedged same by a sale of "futures" contract. If these "futures" contracts are closed out compulsorily by Government, such parties would find themselves "long" to the extent of their actual cotton holding. They may decide to hold on to the cotton, in which case the statistical position of cotton would be much stronger at an earlier date than Government may like to see. If, however, those parties choose to sell out their holding of ready cotton, it may bring about a temporary drop in spot cotton, but after that drop has been discounted, the reaction of it may lead to higher prices owing to the statistical strength of cotton. The Board, therefore, feel that the remedy which the Government seek by forced liquidation of existing Hedge Contracts may lead to reactions which may turn out to be contrary to Government's present aims. They are also convinced that the existing Hedge Contracts are not liable to speculative manipulation to anything like the extent to which the Hon'ble the Finance Member gave expression.

The real defect in this connection, if any, can be said to be that trading in options in connection with "futures" contracts is being indulged in on a large scale. In spite of repeated requests of this Association over a period of years, the Government have been unable to bring trading in options under control. If the Government of India can still take the simpler course of prohibiting altogether, in an effective manner, trading in options, the Board are definitely of the opinion that there will be no need to interfere with forward trading in cotton in Hedge Contracts which is indispensable, if the grower's crop is to be marketed in an orderly manner. My Board, therefore, strongly urge the Government to desist from taking any action with regard to prohibiting further trading in Hedge Contracts for this crop or new crop.

Regarding Hedge Contract for new crop, the time when this can be opened for trading has to be approved by the Government of Bombay in accordance with by-law 47 of this Association, and therefore my Board feel that if the Government of India are inclined to delay this at the moment, they may intimate the Government of Bombay accordingly.

The above is the opinion of the Board in connection with your letter and press communique, but the Board realize that if cotton prices go up very much owing to the strength of the statistical situation, they may give even a slight setback to the desire of Government to have food crops sewn for the next season. In order to help Government to the utmost extent in this connection, the Board are recommending the trade to reduce their commitments in this year's Hedge Contracts as far as they can, and thus disarm any suspicion on the part of Government that their "Grow more food campaign" may get a setback by a rise in cotton prices. This is the utmost which the Board can do, any they recommend the Government at the same time to offer as much concession and protection as they can to those who grew grain crops during the current season.

LIAQAT ALI CONDEMNS ANTI-INDIAN DRIVE

"Fit To Die On Battlefield With Whites But Not To Breathe Same Air With Whites In S. Africa"!

NEW DELHI, April 11.

"The anti-Indian legislation which has been introduced in the Union Parliament has caused great resentment among every section of public opinion in India", says Nawabzada Liaqat Ali Khan Hon. Secretary, all-India Muslim League, and deputy leader, Muslim League Party, Central Assembly, in a statement to the Press.

"It is based on racial and colour prejudice and is an unjust discrimination against the Indian minority there. It is deplorable that one of the United Nations who profess to fight this war for liberty, justice and humanity should at this time desire to enact legislation which is most unjust to the nationals of another of the United Nations. The enactment of such a measure cannot be defended by any cvilised Government.

"WHILE INDIANS ARE CONSIDERED FIT TO DIE WITH THE WHITES ON THE BATTLEFIELD THEY ARE NOT CONSIDERED DECENT ENOUGH TO BREATHE THE SAME AIR WITH THE WHITES IN SOUTH AFRICA IN PEACE TIME.

"I hope that Field Marshal Smuts' Government will retrace their steps before it is too late.

Actions such as this are bound to create an impression in the minds of the peoples of this country that this war is being fought for the perpetuation of the domination of the whites in the British Empire."

It is expected that a resolution on the subject will be moved in the forthcoming session of the All-India Muslim League.—A. P.

NO U. S. DESIGNS ON INDIA

Washington Move For Direct Lend-Lease Aid To Delhi

NEW DELHI, April 14.

Mr. F. W. Ecker, Chairman, United States Lend Lease Mission, which has now established its headquarters in India, in his first statement issued to-day makes a detailed explanation of the Mission's objective and declares 'inter alia,' that Leand Lease aid is not in any way an effort to estabilsh American economic interests in India.

Mr. Ecker refers to discussions now in progress in Washington on the possibility of a direct Lend Lease Agreement between India and America and expresses America's appreciation of reciprocal aid rendered by India.

"The objective of the United States Lend-Lease Mission to India is to facilitate the flow to India of those essential supplies which the United States may be in a position to supply, which India needs in order to maintain her war effort. We hope to be of assistance in advising the United States Government as to the nature and urgency of India's requirements and in advising the Government of India with respect to United States principles and procedure in the field of supply.

OBJECT OF LEND-LEASE

The Lend-Lease Act was passed in March, 1941, nine months before the Axis declared war upon the United States.

As President Roosevelt said in his Lend-Lease report on July 11, 1942. This lend-lease principle, as it develops, is removing the possibility that considerations of finance can interfere with the full use of material resources. The transfers made under the Lend-Lease Act are not commercial loans to other nations. They are contributions of material to a common pool with which a common war is being waged. In return, other United Nations are contributing their utmost to the common fight—in men, materials and machines —and are furnishing us with the weapons and supplies which we rather than they, can most effectively use.

NO U. S. DESIGNS ON INDIA

"I have been distressed to learn that in some quarters in India Lend-Lease is regarded as the opening wedge for a policy of United States 'imperialism' or 'dollar diplomacy'. Nothing could be further from the truth, Lend-Lease is a war measure. It is not, as the Axis broadcasts would have, one believe, a means of selfish advancement of national or commercial interest. On the contrary, it represents a sacrifice by the people and Government of the United States. They are going without weapons, materials and industrial equipment in order to send them to other countries, including India, under Lend-Lease. But they are glad to do this.

"Lend-Lease to India is not confined purely to munitions. For example, steel and other industrial products are coming to India to supplement India's own production. In the distribution of such material there is a solemn undertaking on the part of the receiving Government to see that speculative profits are not permitted.

DIRECT TRANSACTIONS

"To date Lend-Lease aid has come to India by way of transfer from the United Kingdom.

Discussions are now under way with representatives of the Government of India in Washington concerning the possibility of a direct Lend-Lease agreement between India and the United States. This agreement would deal, of course, only with aid rendered to India itself and not with supplies routed through India, but destined for China or use by the British or American forces.

"Some articles sent to India under Lend-Lease are clearly for India's own use. Others may be used for projects which are partly British and partly India's responsibility depending on circumstances as they develop. The allocation of appropriate responsibility under such circumstances is a matter to be decided between the Governments of India and the United Kingdom?

Lease-Lend Must Extend Also To India

WESTMINSTER, April 14.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer, Sir Kingsley Wood's high tribute to Lease-Lend in his budget speech on Monday was re-echoed from all quarters of the House of Commons when the debate was resumed on Tuesday.

The Labour Party spokesman, Mr. Pethick Lawrence, cabled it a "Happy inspiration by the President to lift transactions out of the realm of business into an atmosphere of neighbourliness."

After the war, the principle of Lease-Lend would have to be observed in Europe and Asia, particularly India and China.

"We have tied India together by a railway system but one day someone will have to provide roads for India. Many of its half million villages are absolutely unconnected by roads and are still in backward state.

The same applies to China. Road construction could be undertaken on much larger scale if capital was forthcoming. There are immense opportunities in China also for development in all these ways."

Mr. Graham White speaking for the Liberals referred to India's balances in Britain mentioned by the Chancellor of the Exchequer on Tuesday.

"When one hears some times in this house voices raised about impartial exploitations of India I hope those who feel inclined to discuss that matter will turn their attention to this transaction and put alongside other matters they may have in mind."

Financial Secretary to Treasury, Mr. Ralph Assheton, replying for Government to today's debate said the Chancellor had already received loans amounting to 55 million sterling free of interest.

'Little Overcrowding In Yeravda Women's Jail'

The Director of Information, Bombay writes:

Reports have appeared in some newspapers that overcrowding in the Women's Jail at Yeravda is causing hardship to detenus and other prisoners. One report suggested that, while the capacity of the jail was for 120 female prisoners, its present strength was nearly double that number.

These reports are much exaggerated. There is very little overcrowding in the jail. Although the accommodation is for 126 prisoners, the workshed, which can house about 50 persons without any overcrowding, is being used for accommodation and large tents have also been pitched.

Arrangements have been made to provide more temporary latrines. The strength of the prison has been recently reduced by transfers and releases. Eighteen prisoners have been transferred to the Thana District Prison and about 45 have been released.

Bombay War Services Exhibition

Almost overnight, an entire military village has sprung up on Bombay's vast expanse known as the Esplanade Maidan. It is in preparation for the War Services Exhibition, which opens next Tuesday; and scattered about the ground, at the moment in somewhat disorderly array, is a formidable array of fighting weapons—tanks, planes, guns of various calibre, vehicles of different size and a profusion of other equipment (including much captured stuff.). The Exhibition will be divided into four main sections —three devoted to the armed services and a fourth to the technical training scheme. Besides, there will be stalls concerned with the merchant navy, the Red Cross, civil defence, the National War Front, the Supply Department, the W.V.S., the W.A.C. (I), the Grow More Food campaign, etc.

The Bombay Exhibition will last for a fortnight, and admission will be free. Among its many subsidiary attractions will be joyrides by courtesy of the Indian Air Force, a visit to I.M.M.T.S. "Dufferin", an open-air cinema, a band, sports competitions (including a wrestling tournament) and an entire entertainment programme devised by the National War Front.

The following are among the more important service exhibits:—

Navy: Actual 21-inch torpedo, actual mine complete with horns, 4-inch gun, 12-pounder gun (similar to that mounted on "Bengal") pom-poms, depth-charges and large models of different warships.

Army: General Lee and Valentine tanks, armoured cars and carriers of different makes and sizes, workshop lorries, guns of different calibre, mines, bombs, signal and camouflage equipment. There will also be a display of captured enemy equipment, including tanks, guns, carriers and oddments down to uniforms and water-bottles.

Air Force: A Hurricane fighter and other aircraft as yet unspecified, a model aerodrome, parachutes, gun-turrets, bomb-sights, aero-engines, airframes, wireless equipment and ammunition. A captured German fighter 'plane and the smashed-up remains of a Japanese bomber will also be displayed.

Khaksar Chief Ready To Help

CALCUTTA, April 14.

Allama Mashriqui, the Khaksar leader, it is understood, has sent a wire to the Nawab Bahadur of Murshidabad, President of the Hindu-Muslim Unity Association, welcoming the move to bring about real unity among the various communities in Bengal and assuring his help and co-operation in this matter.—United Press.

KHAN SAHEB ADDRESSES RED SHIRTS

PESHAWAR, April 14.

A meeting of Red Shirts was held in Peshawar city last night The speakers, who included Dr. Khan Sahib and Mehta Madan Lal stressed the need for Hindu-Muslim unity. They exhorted the people to use Khaddar and thus encourage Indian industry.—A. P.

JAP RAID ON ALLIED BASE

MELBOURNE: Another Japanese raid on an Allied base in New Guinea, which caused casualties, fires and loss of materials was revealed by the Australian Minister of Supply and Shipping in a speech here to-day.—Reuter.

BAD NEWS FOR INDIA'S C. J. DESIGNATE

LONDON: Lt. Robert Spens, son of the Chief Justice of India, Sir W. P. Spens, who was previously reported missing, is now "officially presumed lost at sea while a prisoner of war in Italian hands."

AMRITSAR DAY IN LONDON

White Paper On India Condemned: Demand For Politicals' Release

(From A Special Correspondent)

LONDON, April 14.

Demonstrations in observance of Amritsar Day were held at Central Hall last evening under the chairmanship of Mr. J. H. Potts, ex-President of the National Union of Railwaymen. The speakers were Mr. Sorensen, M.P., Mr. J. J. Davison, M.P., Mrs. Handoo, Mr. Palme Dutt and Mr. Krishna Menon. More than 1,000 people, most of whom were Englishmen were present.

Unity Orchestra played anti-Fascist music and a choir of national-costumed Indian women sang songs, particularly of Amritsar.

Mr. Sorensen in his speech bitterly condemned the White Paper.

All the speakers emphasised that Mr. Amery and the Viceroy must go, the prisoners should be released and negotiations opened.

A resolution was unanimously passed demanding freedom for India and condemning the White Paper. The resolution called upon the Government to release the prisoners and open negotiations.

BOMBAY BAR'S PROTEST

At a special general meeting of the Bombay Bar Association held on April 12 the following resolution was passed:—

"The Bombay Bar Association records its emphatic protest against the appointment of an English Barrister as Chief Justice of Bombay in succession to Sir John Beaumont, passing over the most senior puisne Judge who is a member of the Bombay Bar and happens to be an Indian.

It is highly regrettable that when an opportunity presented itself of appointing an Indian Chief Justice it was not availed of.

This Association views with grave dissatisfaction this action on the part of the British Government which, in the opinion of the Association, is an unmerited reflection both on the Indian members of the judiciary and the Bar."

It was also resolved to send copies of the above resolution to the Secretary of State for India, the Government of India, and the Government of Bombay.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

According to an Anglo-Indian report from New Delhi, "Three of the (Regional) Food Commissioners (for India) will be Indian and three non-Indian." They include Mr. Justice Braund and Mr. Justice Sharp of Burma.

* * *

There is, we understand, a persistent rumour to the effect that Mr. Jinnah "contemplates a big move" at the forthcoming session of the Muslim League.

We, too, have been expecting a more spiritedly eloquent language against the Congress from Mr. Jinnah to make up for his long silence.

* * *

Tuesday's Indian Command communique reported that the situation in Arakan continued to remain unchallenged.

Even that is very welcome.

* * *

It is reported that the Food Department of the Government of India will be attached to the portfolio of the War Transport Member ("our" Sir Edward Benthall) "as the problem of food supply to deficit areas is largely a question of transport."

* * *

Personally, we are not in agreement with the proposed arrangement although Sir Edward, too, is fundamentally qualified for the job.

In our unchallengeable opinion the question of supplying physical nourishment to Indians is part of the larger problem of ensuring their general and spiritual well-being and should, therefore, be included in the Portfolio of Sir Reginald Maxwell.

* * *

Says Reuter's City Correspondent apropos of the British budget: "Its very dullness typifies the doggedness with which Britons are carrying on unparalleled tax burden."

It also typifies a patriotic response to Mr. Churchill's cheerful doggedness with which he insists on carrying on the equally unparalleled White Man's burden.

* * *

"We of the United Nations will show them (the Germans) who we are."—U. S. Treasury Secretary Morgenthau.

The programme in certain quarters includes, we believe, showing Indians, Burmans, Malayans, Indonesians, Arabs, etc., too. But perhaps Mr. Morgenthau doesn't know.

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GOLD FLAKE
CORK TIPPED IN RED PACKET AND PLAIN IN YELLOW
CARRERAS Gold Flake CIGARETTES 10 10 CIGARETTES
It is now more than ever necessary to empty your packet at the time of purchase and leave it with your Tobacconist.
are good cigarettes
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Follow this suggestion and you will eliminate one of the causes of unnecessary wear, you will enjoy the convenience of your car, you will conserve valuable rubber.

DON'T JAM ON THE BRAKES...

IF YOU DO.... HERE'S WHAT HAPPENS

Sudden stops cause tyres to drag on the road. This acts like a grindstone and cuts down your tyre mileage.

GOOD YEAR TYRES

MORE PEOPLE, THE WORLD OVER, RIDE ON GOODYEAR TYRES THAN ON ANY OTHER MAKE.

77

Ordinary milk in India is unsafe for infants. Its use often results in dysentery, summer diarrhoea, or typhoid.

Feed, nourish, and protect your baby with Sunshine GLAXO. Its purity is a scientific achievement; its quality never varies, and with its added vitamin D & iron, Glaxo closely resembles breast milk.

TO ASSURE YOUR BABY'S SAFETY

At all good stores.
THE PROPRIETORS HAVE NOT INCREASED THE PRICE.

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City And Suburbs

TO-DAY

Hindu: Chaitra Shud 10, 1999
Muslim: Rabi-ul-Akhar 9, 1362
Parsi: Avan 13, 1312
Sunrise: 7-23 a.m. Sunset: 7-54 p.m.
Hightide: 8-12, 21-06, Lowtide: 2-44, 14-11.

DAY'S ENGAGEMENTS

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS: A public study class on the subject of "Dangers of Mediumship" will be held at 8-15 p.m. at Putla House, Bhau Daji Road, Matunga.

SOUTH INDIAN BHAJANA SAMAJ: Sri Ramanavmi Utsavam—Musical concert by Smti. Alamelumangal (Vocal), Mr. Bhima Rao (Violin), Mr. Doraiswamy (Mridangam), at 9 p.m.

FIRE-WATCHING: Under the auspices of the Sion Circle Committee, a Fire-Watching-cum-Fire-Fighting Demonstration at 9 p.m., near Municipal Gardens, Sion. Mr. M. D. Bhat, Municipal Commissioner, will be present.

HINDUSTAN SCOUTS TRAINING CAMP: The National Camp Director, writes:—It has been decided to hold this summer three training courses for scouters—(1) an Intensive Course from May 20 to June 30; (2) first preliminary course from May 26 to June 9 and (3) second preliminary course from June 16 to June 30. The camp in connection with these courses will be held at Sitlakhet (Almora), the training centre of the Hindustan Scout Association, U. P. It should be noted that an intensive course for girl scouters will also be run side by side, but separately, with that for boy scouts. For full details please write to Ram Bajpai, National Camp Director, 84 Tagore Town, Allahabad.

ALL-INDIA URDU MOSHAIRA: Bonafide students of schools and colleges will be admitted to the 2 rupee class at half rates.

PETROL RATIONING FOR NEXT QUARTER: A Press Note issued by the Western India Automobile Association states that the W.I.A.A. have completed the arrangements for obtaining for members petrol coupons for the forthcoming quarter commencing from 1st May, 1943. Members are requested to fill in and submit 'H' forms with the Registration Certificates to the W. I. A. A. as early as possible so as to avoid delay. The application forms and certificates will be accepted by the Association for necessary action from now on but "R" forms for supplementary ration are to be sent in only after the 1st proximo.

Prominent Worker Of Khar Arrested

(From Our Correspondent)

VILE PARLE, April 14

Tuesday, 13th April, being the Jallianwala Baug Day; flag salutation and public meeting were held in the evening opposite the Khar railway station.

The speaker, Mrs. Kurangi Desai, was put under arrest after the meeting. She will be placed before the Resident Magistrate, Bandra, on Thursday.

Miss Aruna Pandit, Mr. Jayendra Desai and Mr. Dalsingar, who were arrested on Monday for taking part in a procession, were sentenced by the Bandra Court Magistrate, to one month's R.I. if they failed to pay Rs. 50 each as a fine.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Nazimuddin, who appears to be Huq's likely sucessor, says in his skeleton programme that the aim of his party will be to make a national approach to various problems, which, strangely enough, include: Arrests, detentions and trials for political offences. Seems a little odd to me that an "Indian Government" could ever make a nationalist approach to arrest arising out of an over-enthusiasm for nationalism. But they can do strange things in Bengal.

* * *

Expected to arrive in India shortly is Frederick Puckle, who will be returning from a visit to the United States, where India is becoming a sore point during question-time. Edgar Snow, the "Time-Life" editors, Pearl Buck, Claire Luce have done damaging propaganda from Puckle's point of view and Sir Frederick has possibly gone to investigate the means of countering this. Well, let's see who wins the war—I mean the propaganda war, of course—American democrats or British imperialists? It's worth watching—from a distance.

* * *

Gentleman on Dash Dash Road thought that the news-item: "GUNBOAT Jack Retains Title," was just a flash from the Admiralty.

* * *

Should, after the war, Britain leave India to eke out its own destiny the question that would arise is: "What about the financial guarantee which the Indian Government is giving to the U. K. C. C. to draw on the account of the Indian Government?" Would Britain bear that financial burden or will it be thrown on to India? What is the view of Dr. Gregory, "the expert" in New Delhi? Of course I know the answer, but I want to know what Dr. Gregory would like to say publicly.

Setalvad's Tribute To Ambedkar

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

'So long as communalism predominates in this country our future cannot be very bright. It is the duty of every Indian to think and act as Indian first and Indian last', said Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, speaking at a meeting held under the auspices of the All-India Scheduled Caste Federation, Bombay Branch, at Bholwada Recreation Ground in connection with the 51st birthday celebration of the Hon. Dr. B. R. Ambedkar, this evening.

Paying tributes to Dr. Ambedkar, Sir Chimanlal said that Dr. Ambedkar was an outstanding example of natural intelligence, perseverance and courage. He wished Dr. Ambedkar a long life.

Lusitanians In Aga Khan Hockey Finals

The Lusitanians, by virtue of their 2—1 victory over the B. B. and C. I. Railway last evening, qualified to meet the G. I. P. in the finals of the Aga Khan Tournament on Saturday. Murzello replaced Foote in the railway forward line, but the change did not make any perceptible improvement in the effectiveness of their attack, and the Lusitanians, improving upon their previous essay in the first half, registered two goals through D'Sa which lead they held on to until the interval.

The second half, curiously enough, saw the Lusies on the defensive, bringing in a complete deterioration in their team work. The railway, taking their opportunity, commenced attacking vigorously, and were able to reduce the margin, Gregory scoring off a stroke that was definitely "sticks."

Suit Against Oriental

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Chagla.)

Sohrabji D. Medora & Another ... Plaintiffs

Versus

The Oriental Government Securities Life Assurance Co. Ltd. ... Defendants

The plaintiffs were partners in D. J. Medosa and Co. and Chief Agents for the defendant-company for Gujarat. The plaintiffs alleged that their appointment as such was permanent. By their letter of 14th September 1939, the defendant-company intimated to the plaintiffs that they had, as a matter of uniform policy terminated their Chief Agency as from 1st January 1940. The plaintiffs therefore filed this suit claiming Rs. 19,14,000 as damages for wrongful termination of their employment as Chief Agents, or in the alternative, Rs. 7,73,050 as damages for failure to give reasonable notice and Rs. 7,00,000 for the loss of their rights to receive commission on the renewal premia.

The defendant-company denied that the plaintiffs' appointment was permanent and counter-claimed Rs. 75,000 paid ex gratia to the plaintiffs on 10th July 1940 by a cheque to be cashed only on the alleged condition of their signing the accompanying receipt which the plaintiffs had not done, and also a sum of Rs. 11,677-4-10 being the balance due on the making up of agency accounts.

His Lordship held that, having regard to the 42 years' connection between the parties 3 1/2 months' notice of termination of agency was insufficient and that at least two years' notice should have been given, and therefore passed a decree for the plaintiffs for Rs. 82,000 by way of damages. His Lordship, however, also passed a decree on the full amounts of the counter-claim against the plaintiffs.

Tagore Jayanti

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Under the auspices of the Youths' Cultural Centre, "Tagore Jayanti" was celebrated today at the Framji Cowasji Institute Hall, Dhobi Talao, when Lady Rama Rao presided.

In the course of her speech, Lady Rama Rao congratulated Youths' Cultural Centre for having taken upon their shoulders the responsibility of celebrating 'Tagore Jayanti', a great privilege for the youths of the country.

Tagore had rendered greatest service to India and to the world by his manifold writings in English and Bengali which made him immortal. Shantiniketan for which he lived and died was the standing monument to his devoted service.

The Secretary of the Association, thanked the president for her prompt response, to preside on the occasion.

HIGH COURT HOLIDAYS

The Bombay High Court will be closed for the summer vacation from April 19 to June 13. Mr. Justice Chagla and Mr. Justice Weston will, however, act as Vacation Judges and will hear criminal appeals on May 10 and June 7. Mr. Justice Chagla on May 4 and Mr. Justice Weston on June 1 will also take up summary suits and short causes. Mr. Justice Weston will also sit in the insolvency court on May 18.

Mr. Justice N. S. Lokur, special judge, will continue to hear sabotage cases.

SAVARKAR'S BIRTHDAY ON MAY 28

LUCKNOW, April 14.

A pursue will be presented to Mr. V. D. Savarkar, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, on the occasion of his 61st birthday which will be celebrated in the country on May 28.

Prominent Hindus of Oudh have formed a "Provincial Savarkar Sanman Mandal" and have decided to contribute Rs. 15,000 to the purse to be presented to Mr. Savarkar.

INDIA & RUSSIA-

-STAND SIDE BY SIDE TO DEFEND THEMSELVES

I. P. B. 154

We must see that they have the necessary equipment.

We are doing our bit by providing the cloth for their uniforms and the blankets which keep them warm enwaight.

"Dhariwal" FABRICS

THE NEW EGERTON WOOLLEN MILLS, DHARIWAL, PUNJAB

CITY MARKETS

Bombay, April 14.

STOCK EXCHANGE:—The Bombay Stock Exchange was closed to-day owing to Ramnavmi. Among Calcutta scrips, Indian Irons and Bengal Steels were quoting at Rs. 35-2 and Rs. 25-2 respectively. Tata Steel Defds were nominally placed around Rs 1852-8.

COTTON:—Both East India as well as Mahajan Markets were closed to-day. Jarilla May was put around Rs. 539.

BULLION:—Although the bullion market was closed, some transactions were reported. The market was steady. Gold Ready was quoting at Rs. 77 1-6 1st settlement 77-2-0; Silver Ready Rs. 114-9-0; 1st settlement Rs. 114-3-0 and Guleni Rs. 55-6.

SEEDS:—The seeds market was closed to-day.

NEW YORK COTTON:—Renewed trade price-fixing in near months coupled with New Orleans and local buying on technical considerations disclosed limited offerings on New York cotton market on Tuesday. However, trading was small pending further ceilings developments. The market closed very steady, July highest 20.07-4-22 lowest 19.84—01, closing 20.04-4-19.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 13.

May	20.22
July	20.04
October	19.86
Middling spot	21.96

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, April 13.

May	20.53
July	20.31
October	20.14
Middling spot	20.98

NOON CALL.

New York, April 13.

May	20.10
July	19.88
October	19.71

LONDON SILVER.

London, April 13.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 1/2

LONDON GOLD

London, April 13.

London gold fine per oz £8-8-0

LONDON WHEAT.

London, April 13.

Wheat Rozario Santa fe Apr/May quoted	26/1 1/2
Wheat Australian Apr/May quoted	28/6

LATEST COMMERCIAL

COTTON (July)

New York, April 14.

Previous closing	20.04
To-day's opening	20.04
Difference	nil.

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON
Previous closing 4.03

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK
To-day's opening and closing 4.02 1/2 sellers; 4.03 1/2 buyers.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 14.

New York Stock Exchange opening prices: General Motors dol 47 7/8
Anaconda Copper Mining dol 28 3/8
U. S. Steel Common dol 54 1/2
U. S. Steel Preference unquoted

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 14.

The London Stock Exchange was firm to-day.

LOANS

3 per cent Australian Commonwealth £102 1/4; 2 1/2 per cent British Consols £81 3/4; 3 per cent Conversion Loan £105 7/8; 3 per cent Conversion Loan £100 1-4; 4 per cent War Loan £113 7/8; 3 1/2 per cent War Loan £106 1/2; 3 1/2 per cent War Loan £101; 4 per cent Victory Bonds £114 1/8.

A.-I. WEATHER CHART

POONA, April 14.

Following is the weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches recorded at 8 hours on 10-4-43:—

Allahabad 80 63 T; Bombay 89 75 0; Calcutta 89 71 0; Cawnpore 76 62 0.2; Cuttack 90 70 0.1; Darjeeling 58 46 0.2; Delhi 86 65 0; Dehra Dun 83 62 T; Jacobabad 99 68 0; Karachi 83 72 0; Lahore 90 64 0; Lucknow 75 61 0.4; Madras 88 75 0.1; Nagpur 95 68 0; Patna 95 72 0; Peshawar 85 62 0; Shillong 69 56 0.1; Simla 57 45 0.3.

Hailey And Reed

Mr. B. F. Bharucha, writes:—

In the recent debate in the House of Commons, Sir Malcolm Hailey, the ex-Governor of the U.P., and Sir Stanley Reed, the ex-Editor of the "Times of India" posed as friends of India! This is really amusing.

(1) For, Hailey, as the Finance Member of the Government of India had deprived India of eighty crores of rupees by his pernicious Reverse Council Bills!

(2) And Reed, as a clever trimmer always encouraged the Liberals in keeping away from the Congress! May God save us from such friends!

YOUTH INVITES YOU TOO!! ANOTHER SUCCESS OF DR. H. H. NAWAB ALIKHAN

This is the photo of a patient who was suffering from sexual weakness for the last 3 years, and seminal discharges for the last several years, whose all systems of treatment failed to cure him. He was wonderfully treated and radically cured by Doctor Saheb at SHAHI DAWAKHANA, Habib House No. 108, Girgaon, opp. Portuguese Church, Bombay 4. Consult the said Doctor who is the only specialist in nervous debility, night dreams, new and old Gonorrhoea, manly vigour of any stage, syphilis and sexual disorders for speedy and radical cure with guarantee.

Daily: 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. and 4 to 9 p. m.

INSURE WITH OR REPRESENT

The NATIONAL MERCANTILE Insurance Co., (India) Ltd.

HEAD OFFICE: CALCUTTA

ONE OF THE LARGEST CAPITALISED LIFE OFFICES

PROVIDES LIFE ASSURANCE PROTECTION at MINIMUM COST combined with MAXIMUM SECURITY. The policy terms most suitable to meet present day conditions.

EXTENSIVE ORGANISATION GOING ON APACE

We INVITE CO-OPERATION OF GENTLEMEN & LADIES well connected and able to organise productive Agencies, for our ORGANISERSHIP on decent monthly remuneration plus commission.

Please write in confidence to:—

V. B. BEHERAY, BRANCH MANAGER,

Sir Phirozsha Mehta Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

NEXT TO MOTHER'S MILK

The famous milk food for Babies & invalids, largely used by Physicians, Maternity Homes & Hospitals.

VITA-MILK

NATIONAL NUTRIMENTS, LTD.
'SHARE DEALERS' HOUSE,' CALCUTTA.

Superfine kollins

FOUNTAIN PEN Ink

Sole Agents for Bombay
SALU & CO.,
109 A, Mahindra Mansions,
Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

BRITISH COMMONWEALTH INDUSTRIES

Q. "What is best to build up Health and Strength after Malarial Fever?"

ANGIER'S EMULSION is the answer

Angier's Emulsion contains no animal oil, and in its preparation is untouched by hand. It is therefore acceptable to all castes and religions.

You Need LIFE ASSURANCE

BUY IT FROM THE

NEW INDIA ASSURANCE CO., LTD.

INDIA'S LARGEST GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY.

PAID-UP CAPITAL Rs. 71,21, 055

Head Office

ESPLANADE ROAD, FORT..... BOMBAY.

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OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 Annas Per Word

Minimum Rs. 1/8/-

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Shorthand-Typist. Apply personally with testimonials Bhiwandiwalla Company, 583, Chira Bazar. 1320

Wanted a Publicity Expert by a leading Film Concern. Should possess high academic qualification in English with a Sound knowledge of Marathi and Hindi. Previous experience in the line an asset, stating minimum salary. Apply Box No. 1304 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted a qualified Dental Surgeon, L.D.Sc. (Lahore, Karachi or Calcutta) as an Assistant in New Delhi on contract for five years. Pay Rs. 100-20-200. Commission 10 per cent after six months if work good. Security deposit essential. Interview on own expense. Dr. Bery, 13, Curzon Road, New Delhi. (1311)

Wanted for Shri Rajasthan Balika Vidyalaya Banasthali (P. O. Nawai) a lady Doctor, a male compounder, and a nurse. The applications should reach the Principal as early as possible. (1310)

Wanted an efficient qualified M.B.B.S. Lady Doctor for Sir Pratap Hospital at Himatnagar on Rs. 120-10-250. Apply stating qualifications and experience together with testimonials to the Dewan, Idar State, Himatnagar. (4082)

Wanted a B.A., B.T., Lady Graduate for the combined post of Head Mistress, A. V. School, Idar, and Inspectress of Girls' Schools, Idar State Education Department. Pay Rs. 100-10-200. Apply stating qualifications and experience together with testimonials to the Dewan, Idar State, Himatnagar. (4083)

65. ACCOMMODATION WANTED

A Parsee Couple wants an unfurnished flat of Hall dining room three bedrooms, baths, Kitchen in any decent residential locality, good rent paid. Write to Box No. 1305, "Bombay Chronicle."

141. EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

HEWETT ENGINEERING SCHOOL, Jagat Naram Road, Lucknow: Applications from Matric and Inter candidates invited for Overseer Class, Session July 1943 and Preparation Class for A.M.I.E Exam. (Recognised by Govt. of India) Special tuition for A.M.I.C.E and B.Sc. Engg. (London). Highly qualified Staff. Hostel arrangement. Employment facilities. Six merit scholarships. FREE Prospectus from Principal. 13.8

827. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted: Agents to book subscriptions for an English monthly magazine. Pay plus commission. Apply: Vishv Vijay Ltd., New Delhi. 4050

Wanted—Agents one for each District for sale of Biscuits & Confectioneries etc., equal to world's best. Liberal terms. Please state minimum quantity first required. For trial sale one case of popular varieties in original packings supplied at concession price freight paid for Rs. 100/- (in advance). Half case Rs. 50/-. Kanunga & Sons, Sukkur, Sind. 1321

651 MISCELLANEOUS ADLETS

Wanted—A Cage Bar Krupp Sohler Expeller 00,25,75 and Knife Bars Worms. Apply to Swaika Oil Mills, 28A, Pollock Street, Calcutta. (4160)

Public Notices

NOTICE

WANTED immediately experienced Matric or Undergraduate libra- Matric or Undergraduate librarians, male and female, domiciled in the Bombay Presidency, for Municipal Free Reading Rooms and Libraries, on Rs. 50|50-3-80 p.m. plus G. C. Allowance of Rs. 10|- p. m.

Applications stating age, qualifications and languages known, should reach the Chief Librarian, Municipal Free Reading Rooms and Libraries Victoria Gardens, before 26th April, 1943. (4159)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the rate of Rs. 12-0-0 Per Inch

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance.

NOTICE OF THE GENERAL MEETING TO PASS SPECIAL RESOLUTIONS

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRA ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of The Barsi Spinning & Weaving Mills Limited will be held at the Registered Office of the Company at 1|2, Mubarak Manzil, (2nd floor) 104, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, on 5th May 1943 at 3-00 p.m. (N.S.T.) to transact the following business:—

(a) To approve and sanction the appointment of Desai Arwade, Limited as Managing Agents of the Company and to approve and sanction the Agreement of the said Managing Agency as per Draft Agreement (signed and initialled by the Chairman for verification, and duly approved by the Solicitors of the Company) Copies whereof are circulated to the Shareholders herewith.

(b) And to approve and sanction the amendment in the Articles of Association of the Company necessitated by the proposed Agreement with the New Managing Agents and the interim arrangements made by the Board for the management of the Company's affairs on the resignation of the previous Managing Agents.

(c) And to approve and adopt the arrangements by the Board for management or the Company's affairs on the resignation of the previous Managing Agents. And

(d) In connection with the above to consider and if thought fit to pass the following Resolutions as Special Resolutions namely:—

1. Resolved that Desai Arwade, Limited a Private Limited Company, Bombay, be and is hereby appointed Managing Agents of the Company as and from 27th March, 1943 for the period of ten (10) years on terms and conditions as to remuneration or otherwise of Draft Agreement circulated to the Shareholders with the Notice. The Company hereby approves the said Agreement with all its terms and conditions and sanctions the same and authorizes the Directors to enter into the said Agreement with Desai Arwade Limited with such further modifications to be made therein (save and except the provisions therein relating to remuneration) as may be approved by the Directors and the said Desai Arwade Limited.

II. Resolved that the Company hereby approves and adopts the several amendments in the Articles of Association of the Company as per Draft (signed and initialled by the Chairman), copies whereof are circulated to the Shareholders with the Notice and sanctions them with a view to amend the Articles in consonance with the Agreement of the Managing Agents and with a view to appoint one or more of the Directors as a Managing Director or Managing Directors and to fix his or their remuneration as indicated in the said draft.

III. The Company approves and adopts the arrangements made and required to be made for the management of the Company's affairs on the resignation of the previous Managing Agents and the resolutions of the Board in that behalf made on 16|2|1943 and ratifies, confirms and approves all the acts done by the Managing Directors Messrs. V. Y Desai and J. B. Arwade in the course of their management from 16|2|43 to 27|3|43. The Company sanctions to them in lieu of their said services, the same remuneration for that period as is sanctioned by the Managing Agency Agreement to Desai Arwade Limited of which they are the permanent Directors.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
(Sd.) P. V. JOSHI,
Chairman.

12th April, 1943.
Mubarak Manzil,
104, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.
Dated 12th April, 1943.

N. B.:—Copies with accompaniments therein of the above have been already circulated on 12th April, 1943, to the Shareholders as usual.

P. V. J.
4150

Public Notices

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY. SITUATE AT MANGALORE.

UNDER INSTRUCTIONS from the Official Assignee of Bombay, his agent Mr. M. K. Nambyar, Bar-at-Law, will sell by Public Auction subject to Official Assignee's confirmation the right, title and interest of the Insolvent Alexander Coelho (Insolvency No. 312 of 1940) in the immovable property (house and garden), situate at Mangalore on THURSDAY, 22-4-1943 at 11 a. m. (S.T.) at the Office of the Government Pleader of South Kanara at Kadri Road, Mangalore. For further particulars and Conditions of Sale please apply to the said agent at the said office.

(Sd.) M. K. NAMBYAR.
Bar-at-Law.
(4072)

TENDER NOTICE.

THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES, (Purchase Branch), Ahmedabad House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of the stores detailed below:—

Glue (Lead free)	1·93 tons
White Paraffin Wax	1·93 tons.
(Lead free)	

Tender No. P/S. /5902O/8A/4352

The price of the tender form, etc., is Rs. 2 per cet and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or in Money Order only to the Controller of Supplies (Purchase Branch), Bombay, quoting tender No. and remitter's full address on the coupon.

Tenders will be received upto 4 P.M. on 22/4/43

TENDER NOTICE

THE CONTROLLER OF SUPPLIES (Purchase Branch) Ahmedabad House, Ballard Estate, Bombay invites tender for carrying from Alexandra Docks and Local Motor Firms large quantities of empty Beta Pack Cases to New Depot Site at Wadala and dismantling and stacking the same for the duration of 12 months commencing from May, 1943.

Preference will be given to tenderer offering to use vehicles fitted with gas plants.

Tender No. 8A/CC/97

The price of tender form is Rs. 10/- per set and is not refundable and forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in cash or Money Order only to the Controller of Supplies (Purchase Branch) Bombay quoting tender number and remitter's full address on the coupon in case of M.O. Tenders will be accepted upto 4 p.m. on 21-4-'43 and offers will remain open upto 30-4-'43.
4157

G. I. P. RAILWAY.
BOOKING OF TRAFFIC FROM AND TO BYCULLA GOODS DEPOT

OWING to conditions created by the War it is necessary to restrict the booking of goods traffic from and to Byculla Depot. With effect from 25th April, 1943, therefore, this Depot will be open only for inward and outward booking of the following descriptions of traffic:—

"Ashes, Bullies, Fire-wood, Grass, Minerals (including Bricks), Pipes, Poles, Rafters, Railway materials and stores, Stones, Logs, Livestock and all descriptions of traffic consigned to or by the Director of Civil Supplies, Bombay."
(4154)

TENDER NOTICE

THE CONTROLLER of Supplies, Purchase Branch, Bombay, Ahmedabad House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of the Stores detailed below:—

Store	Quantity Nos.
Glasses bevelled edges for Gauge Glass Protectors 7.7/16" long x 2.1/8" x ¼"	140
Glasses front for gauge glass Protectors 7" x 2.1/4" x 7/16"	450
Glasses. side for Guage Glass Protectors 7" x 1.3/4" x 7/16"	600
Glasses Gauge with fused ends of sizes.	2,900

Tender No. SY/8A/4369

The price of the tender forms etc., is Rs. 2/- per set and is not refundable and Forms are not transferable. Payment should be made in Cash or in Money Order only to the Controller of Supplies, (Purchase Branch), Bombay, quoting tender No. and remitter's full address on the coupon.

Tenders will be received upto 4 p.m. on 20-4-'45.
4156

Public Notices

G. I. P. RLY.—RATE CIRCULARS

A NEW RATE CIRCULAR, viz. Local Rate Advice No. 4 (Goods & Coaching) of 1943 is being issued To-day. Particulars may be obtained from the Chief Traffic Manager, Bombay, or stations.
4153

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that Share Certificate No. B-9204 for five shares Nos. 191016-20 in the Reserve Bank of India issued in the name of Shapurji Framji Pavri has been stolen. Due notice thereof has been given to the Bank and all persons are warned against dealing with the Share Certificate in any way.

Bombay, 15th April, 1943.
S. F. PAVRI.
1303

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Dr. BALKRISHNA GANPATRAO RANE of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, situate at Sailor Building, 373, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY:—

All that piece or parcel of land situate at Tungarli (Lonavla) in Mawal, Taluka Poona in the Registration Sub-District of Mawal District Poona, containing by admeasurement 6826 square yards or thereabouts being a portion of land registered under Survey Nos. 121a, 122 and 122a and entry Nos. 257-259 and 260 and bounded on the East by the property of Dr. S. B. Navak, on the West partly by the property of Vazir Haji and partly by the property of Eruchshaw Sorabji Marker, on or towards the North by the property of Dr. S. B. Navak and on the South by the Public Road from Khandala to Lonavla and by a common passage.

Dated this 15th day of April, 1943.

RAMANLAL & HIMATLAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
(4163)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Dr. BALKRISHNA GANPATRAO RANE, Mrs. TARABAI BALKRISHNA RANE, Dr. RAMCHANDRA SHAMRAO NAYAK and SHRIKER GANPATRAO RANE being the Trustees of a Deed of Trust, dated the 7th day of October, 1923, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property or otherwise, howsoever, are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, situate at Sailor Building, 373, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY

All that piece or parcel of land together with the messuages tenements or buildings standing thereon known by the name of "Audience Hall" or "Epworth Hall" together with the vacant land on the North and South thereof marked A, G and E on the plan annexed to the Conveyance dated 19th April, 1922 and registered by the Sub-Registrar of Bombay under No. 555 at pages 269 to 278 Volume 328 of Book No. I on the 7th June, 1922, situate at Tungarli, Taluka Mawal District Poona in the Registration Sub-District of Mawal containing by admeasurement 7330.58 Square Yards or thereabouts and bearing Survey No. 121 and 122 and New Survey No. 174 and Entry No. 336 No. 257 and bounded, on the East by private road on the West by open space marked H, on the said Plan, on the North by the property of Dr. Balkrishna Ganpatrao Rane and on the South partly by a private Road.

Dated this 15th day of April, 1943.

RAMANLAL & HIMATLAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
4162

Auction Sales

THE SALE of PERSIAN and INDIAN CARPETS will take place TO-DAY at 3 P. M. at the sale room of the undersigned and of Household furniture at 3-30 P.M. as previously advertised.

SALE of Machinery, Hardware and Mill Gin Stores on MONDAY, the 19th April, 1943, at 3 P. M. (N. S. T.) at the sale room of the undersigned; comprising Electric Grinders and Polishers, Tobacco cutting Machine, Rice Hullers, Vico Magnetos, C. fans and Regulators, Rotary compressors, Motor, Jacks, Water cylinders, Gin spindles, Legs, Shafts, Moving and Fixed knives, Copying presses, Closets, Urinals and similar other goods.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., 123, Medows Street.

BONAFIDE SALE

AUCTION SALE of specially made to order figure wood Dining, Drawing and Bredroom furniture, Rich Persian Carpets, Crockery, Glass and Silverware, water colours etc. on Wednesday the 21st inst. at 11-30 A.M. (N.S.T.) at Palitana College, 18 Bomanji Petit Road. Property of H. W. Fieth, Esq. On view from the 19th inst.

BENNETT & CO.

BONA FIDE SALE of made to order, Exquisite Modern Bedroom Furniture by Mercier Freres, Paris, Cocktail Bar by Aspres London, Rich Crystal and Cutglassware, Silverware, English Carpets, etc., on Sunday 18-4-43 at 11 a.m. (S.T.) at Silver Oaks Estate, Warden Rd., Bombay, Property of Mrs. J. K. Dubash.

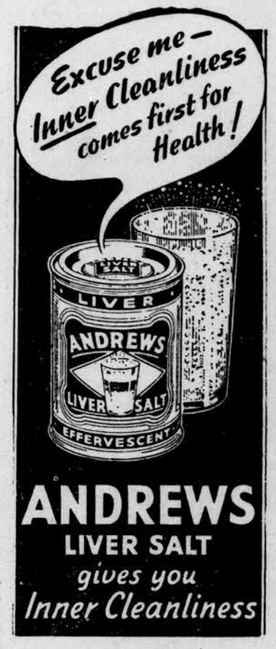
CRAWFORD & CO.,

MENESSE & CO., will sell by public auction on THURSDAY, the 15th inst. at 3-30 p.m. at their rooms by order of Messrs. The Turner Morrison & Co., Ltd., Managing Agents, The Mogul Line Ltd., 3 Bales Egyptian Cotton.

AURORA
Daily at 4. 6-30 and 10 p.m.
TO-DAY—LAST 3 SHOWS
"ALL THROUGH THE NIGHT"
FROM TO-MORROW
Surpassing his countless masterpieces of the past—comes CECIL B. DEMILLE'S greatest achievement in rich technicolor!
"REAP THE WILD WIND"
RAY MILLAND
PAULETTE GODDARD
JOHN WAYNE

3rd Week
of PRABHAT'S
POPULAR PICTURE
"NAI KAHANI"
Directed by:
D. D. KASHYAP
DRAWING CROWDS AT
NEW WEST END
Daily: 4-30, 7-15 & 10.

Every one of the Family likes it—praises it
Sunrise's Social
GHAR SANSAR
NOVELTY
3 SHOWS TODAY
4-15, 7-15 & 10 p.m.



ANDREWS
LIVER SALT
gives you
Inner Cleanliness

Due to war conditions, it is regretted that Andrews Liver Salt is not now available. It will be on sale again as soon as the international situation permits.

NEED NOT WORRY
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failure to get cured of your serious diseases viz nervous debility sexual weakness wet dreams, gonorrhoea, spermatorrhoea, syphilis, piles, diabetes and similar other venereal diseases of both sexes even after trying at all so called, famous places at any cost, you need not worry. Mashihulzaman, Tabib-I-Hazak, Ustaldulhukma World Famous Royal Dr. and Hakim M. A. Bux, M. D. H. First Class Gold Medalist, M.B.B.S.H. (America) first class degree holder is sure to give complete cure within few days and full responsibility, successfully as he has cured innumerable similar cases of hopeless patients of people of all classes and grade for which he has been awarded many gold medals, and numberless unsolicited testimonials. It will not be a loss to you in anyway if you just consult him but you will be fully convinced of his ability and curing powers. Just hurry up.
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